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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/578,912	05/09/2006	Keiichirou Kai	1034232-000038	4449
21839 7590 12/04/2007 BUCHANAN, INGERSOLL & ROONEY PC			EXAMINER	
POST OFFICE BOX 1404 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404		, .	BLAND, LAYLA D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1623	
•			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/04/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ADIPFDD@bipc.com debra.hawkins@bipc.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/578,912	KAI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
·	Layla Bland	1623			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant	 ☑ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 May 2006</u>. ☑ This action is FINAL. ☑ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 				
Disposition of Claims		•			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some colon None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/9/2006. S. Patent and Trademark Office	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	e			

Application/Control Number:

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DETAILED ACTION

This application is a national stage entry of International Application No. PCT/JP04/16573, filed November 9, 2004, which claims priority to Japanese Application No. 2003-380978, filed November 9, 2003. Claims 1-4 are pending in this application and are examined on the merits herein.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka et al. (Org. Biomol. Chem., 2003, 1, 2833-2839, July 9, 2003) in view of Gross et al. (J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1983, 105, 7428-7435).

Tanaka et al. teach the phosphorylation of inosine to inosine-5'-monophosphate by acid phosphatases from *Shigella flexneri* [page 2834, second paragraph]. The enzyme also mediates the phosphorylation of glucose to glucose-6-phosphate using pyrophosphate as the phosphate donor [page 2835, last paragraph]. The specific activity of acid phosphatase derived from *Sh. flexneri* was 40 U mg⁻¹ [page 2834, first paragraph]. In the enzymatic phosphorylation of inosine, 40mM inosine, 100mM disodium pyrophosphate, and 0.1-1μM of enzyme solution in a total volume of 1 ml was used [page 2838, last paragraph]. For the glucose phosphorylation, the reaction

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mixture contained 1µM PhoN, 100mM glucose and 100mM disodium pyrophosphate in 100mM sodium acetate [page 2839, first paragraph].

Tanaka et al. do not teach the phosphorylation of a free pentose.

Gross et al. teach the use of ribose-5-phosphate as an intermediate in the synthesis of nucleotides, histadine and tryptophan [page 7428, first paragraph].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to prepare a pentose-5-phosphate ester using acid phosphatase from *Shigella flexneri* in the presence of pyrophosphate. Tanaka et al. teach the selective phosphorylation of inosine (a nucleoside derived from a pentose) and glucose (a hexose). The skilled artisan would expect the corresponding reaction to proceed on a pentose in a similar fashion because the structure of a pentose such as ribose is very similar to the structures of inosine and glucose with respect to the reaction sites, seen circled below. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to prepare a pentose-5-phosphate ester because such compounds are useful intermediates in nucleotide synthesis, as taught by Gross et al.

A reference is good not only for what it teaches by direct anticipation but also for what one of ordinary skill in the art might reasonably infer from the teachings. (*In re Opprecht* 12 USPQ 2d 1235, 1236 (Fed Cir. 1989); *In re Bode* 193 USPQ 12 (CCPA) 1976). In light of the forgoing discussion, the Examiner concludes that the subject matter defined by the instant claims would have been obvious within the meaning of 35 USC 103(a). From the teachings of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole was *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Layla Bland whose telephone number is (571) 272-9572. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 8:00AM-5:00PM UST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shaojia Anna Jiang can be reached on (571) 272-0627. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Layla Bland Patent Examiner Art Unit 1623 November 23, 2007

Shaojia Anna Jiang

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Art Unit 1623

November 23, 2007